Regulation of the Government of the Republic Indonesia Number 21 Year 2005 On Biosafety of Genetically Engineered Product

Regulation signed by the President of RI in May 2005

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
OF	ON OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC INDONESIA NUMBER 21 YEAR 2004 ON OF GENETICALLY ENGINEERED PRODUCT		
	With the Bless of God the Almighty		
THE PRES	SIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA		
Considering:	that to implement the provision of Article 8	1. GENERAL	
	paragraph (2) letter (b) and paragraph (3) of Law	Indonesia is one of nations in the world having biological	
	Number 23 of 1997 on Environmental Management,	diversity with high value. The biological diversity represents	
	it is necessary to have a Government Regulation on	the bless and bounty of the God Almighty and that it is	
	Biosafety of Genetically Engineered Product.	necessary to have a sustainable management to improve the	
		community welfare without affecting to human and	
		environmental health.	
		The use of biological diversity through modern	
		biotechnology resulting in Genetically Engineered Product	
		(PRG) has provided an opportunity to support agricultural	
		production, food availability, and improvement of human	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	life quality. Modern biotechnology used in producing PRG	
	includes in-vitro Nucleate Acid and cell fusion. The	
	Deoksiribose Nucleate Acid hereinafter abbreviated to	
	DNA, means molecule consisting of for type of base and	
	phosphate sugar frame, which lead to this organism genetic	
	information. Application of this Technology provides such	
	benefits as stepping up production, and enhancing protection	
	against pest and disease and improving protection against	
	environmental stress. However, the application of this	
	technology may create some risk on Environment, biological	
	diversity and human health. The possible risk needs to be	
	minimized through precautionary approach.	
	The possible risk in the application in development of PRG	
	was discussed since negotiation on international agreement	
	draft on biological diversity in 1990, which was adopted	
	later in Convention on Biological Diversity/CBD in 1992. In	
	1994 the convention was ratified with Law number 5 of	
	1994. The convention provides, among other things safety in	
	applying modern biotechnology namely in clause of Article	
	8 letter g and Article 19 paragraph (1) which obliges every	
	Convention member country to make, regulate and	
	implement laws on biosafety which also covers foods safety	
	and/or animal feed safety.	
	This Government Regulation is required because the	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	existing legislations do not sufficiently regulate everything	
	on PRG as required in the Convention, and that a systematic	
	and effective arrangement is needed. This government	
	Regulation will serve as legal basis in providing biosafety,	
	food safety and animal feed safety of PRG for the welfare of	
	people based on principle of health and biological resource	
	management, consumer protection and business certainty by	
	putting religion, ethic, social, culture and esthetic into	
	consideration.	
	This government regulation include regulation on: type and	
	requirement of PRG, research and development of PRG,	
	importation of PRG from foreign country, assessment,	
	release, and distribution and use of PRG, control of PRG,	
	institutional framework and cost.	
	This government regulation asides from serving as further	
	implementation of the provision of Article 8 paragraph 2 letter b and	
	paragraph 3 of Law Number 23/1997 on Environmental	
	Management, also related to various Laws.	
	A number of regulation related to and support the	
	government regulation includes:	
	a. Law Number 6 of 1967 on Principles of animal	
	husbandry (State Gazette of 1967, Number 10,	
	Supplement to State Gazette Number 2824);	
	b. Law Number 5 of 1984 on Industry (State	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Gazette of 1984, Number 22, Supplement to State	
	Gazette Number 3274);	
	c. Law Number 5 of 1990 on Natural Conservation of	
	Biological Resource and its Ecosystem (State Gazette of	
	1990, Number 49, Supplement State Gazette Number	
	3419);	
	d. Law Number 12 of 1992 on Plant Cultivation	
	System (State Gazette of 1992, Number 46,	
	Supplement to State Gazette Number 3478);	
	e. Law Number 16 of 1992 on Animal, Fish, and	
	Plant Quarantine (State Gazette of 1992, Number 56,	
	Supplement to State Gazette Number 3482);	
	f. Law Number 23 of 1992 on Health (State	
	Gazette of 1992, Number 100, Supplement to State	
	Gazette Number 3495);	
	g. Law No. 5 of 1994 on Ratification of UN Convention	
	on Biological Diversity);	
	h. Law No. 7 of 1994 on Ratification of Agreement	
	Establishing the WTO;	
	i. Law Number 7 of 1996 on Food (State Gazette	
	of 1996, Number 99, Supplement to State Gazette	
	Number 3656);	
	j. Law No., 8 on Consumers Protection.	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
		 k. Law Number 41 of 1999 on Forestry (State Gazette of 1999, Number, Supplement to State Gazette Number); l. Law number 29 of 2000 on Plant Variety Protection (State Gazette of 2000, Number 241, Supplement to State Gazette Number 4043); m. Law Number 18 of 2002 on National System of Research, Development and Application of Science and Technology (State Gazette of 2002, Number 84, Supplement to State Gazette Number 4219); n. Law No. 18 of 2004 on Plantation; o. Law No. 21 of 2004 on Ratification of Cartagena Protocol; p. Law No. 31 of 2004 on Fishery; q. Law No.32 on Regional Development. 	
In view of:	A .: 1 . 5		
1.	Article 5 paragraph (2) of the 1945 Constitution of		
2.	the Republic of the Indonesia. Law Number 5 of 1994 on Ratification of United		
۷.	Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (State		
	Gazette of 1994 Number 41 Supplement to State		
	Gazette Number 3556);		
3.	Law Number 23 of 1997 on Environmental		

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
Management.		
DECIDED		
To stipulate: REGULATION OF GOVERNMENT OF THE		
REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA ON BIOSAFETY OF GENETICALLY		
ENGINEERED PRODUCT.		
CHAPTER 1	II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE	
GENERAL PROVISION		
Article 1	Article 1	
Words used in this Government Regulation shall mean:	Self-explanatory	
1. Biosafety of genetically engineered product means environmental		
safety, food safety and/or animal feed safety of genetically		
engineered product.		
2. Environmental safety means condition and effort required to		
prevent any possible occurrence of impact which may affect		
biological diversity as a result of the use of genetically engineered		
product.		
3. Food safety of genetically engineered product means condition and		
effort required to prevent any possible occurrence of impact which		
may affect and endanger human health, as a result of process of		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	production, preparation, storage, distribution and use of food of		
	genetically engineered product.		
4.	Food means everything originated in biological source and water,		
	whether or not processed which serves as food or drink for human		
	to consume, including food supplement, food raw material and		
	other material used in the process of preparation, processing and or		
	making of food and drink.		
5.	Feed safety of genetically engineered product means condition and		
	effort required to prevent any possible occurrence of impact which		
	may affect and endanger animal and fish health as a result of		
	process of production, preparation, storage, distribution and use of		
	animal feed of genetically engineered product.		
6.	Animal feed means Raw material, additional material, and		
	supplemental material or its mixture originating in biological,		
	mineral and water source whether not processed which serves as		
	animal feed and or fish food.		
7.	The genetically Engineered product hereinafter referred as to PRG		
	means a live organism, parts thereof and or its result of process		
	which has composition of new genetics as result of modern		
	biotechnology application.		
8.	Modern biotechnology means application of genetic engineering		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	technique consisting of in-vitro Nucleate Acid and cell fusion of		
	two or more types of organism outside taxonomical familiarity.		
9.	PRG animal means animal resulted from genetically engineered		
	technique application which greater or the whole part thereof lives		
	on land.		
10.	Material made from PRG animal means any material resulted from		
	PRG animal that can be processed further for the need of human		
	and other purpose.		
11.	Product made from PRG animal means product made from		
	material resulted from PRG animal which is processed with or		
	without using additional material.		
12.	PRG fish means fish resource and other water biota species which		
	the whole or part of its lifecycle is in the water and is resulted from		
	genetically engineered technique application.		
13.	Material made from PRG fish means any material resulted from		
	PRG fish which can be further purchased for the human's and		
	other purpose.		
	1 1		
14.	Product made from PRG fish means product resulted from PRG		
	fish material which is processed by certain way or method with or		
	without using additional material.		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
15.	PRG Plant means plant resulted from genetically engineered		
	technique application.		
16.	Material made from PRG plant means material resulted from PRG		
	plant and can be further processed for human's or other purpose.		
17.	Product of material resulted from PRG Plant means product		
	originated in material resulted from PRG plant which can be		
	processed with or without using additional material.		
18.	PRG microorganism means microorganism resulted from		
	genetically engineered technique application.		
19.	Material made from PRG microorganism means body/cell of PRG		
19.	microorganism and or its metabolism product.		
	interconguinsin and of its inetabolism product.		
20.	Product of material resulted from PRG microorganism means product		
	resulted from material originated in body/cell of PRG microorganism		
	or its metabolism product which processed by way or certain method		
	with or without using additional material.		
21.	Risk assessment of PRG means assessment of possible occurrence		
<u> </u>	of influence that can affect environment, human health and animal		
	health as a result of PRG development and use based on correct		
	nearm as a result of 1 NO development and use based off coffeet		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	scientific method and certain statistic.		
22.	Assessment means the whole process of document verification and test of PRG and related social and economic factor.		
23.	Test means evaluation and technical assessment of PRG consisting of engineering technique, efficacy and requirement of biosafety in laboratory, limited test facility, and or limited test field.		
24.	Biosafety Commission of Genetically Engineered Product hereinafter referred to as KKH means commission assigned to assist Minister in making and providing policy and issue PRG biosafety certificate.		
25.	Biosafey Safety Clearing House of Genetically Engineered Product hereinafter referred to as BKKH means an element of KKH serving as communication facility between KKH and stakeholder.		
26.	Biosafety Technical Team of Genetically Engineered Product hereinafter referred to as TTKH means team assigned to assist KKH in conducting evaluation and technical assessment of biosafety and PRG use feasibility.		
27.			

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	granting of PRG biosafety recommendation by KKH.		
28.	Person means individual person and or a group of person and or legal entity.		
29.	Applicant means person asking for the license with the competent Minister and/or Chairman of Non-Departmental Agency (LPND) authorized to release and/or distribute PRG.		
30.	Release means statement on admission of a result of breeding for excellent variety and can be distributed following the fulfillment the requirement based on relevant legislation.		
31.	Distribution means any activity or series of activity in distributing commodity to people whether or not in the trade.		
32.	Competent Minister means Minister whose scope of duty covers the area of delivery and distribution of PRG.		
33.	Head of Non-Departmental Agency hereinafter referred to as LPND means Head of LPND whose scope of duty covers distribution of PRG.		
34. 35.	Day means calendar days. Minister means Minister who is responsible for environment.		

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
Article 2	Article 2	
(1) The purpose of this Government Regulation is to realize environmental safety, food safety and or animal feed safety of PRG	Self-explanatory	
and its use in the area of agriculture, fishery, forestry, industry,		
environment and non pharmaceutical health.		
(2) The purpose of this government regulation is to improve efficiency		
and effectiveness of PRG use for people welfare based on principle		
of health and biological resource management, consumer protection		
and certainty in operating business.		
Article 3	Article 3	
Arrangement applied in this government regulation is a precautionary	Precautionary approach means an approach in making decision	
approach in realizing environmental safety, food safety and or animal	on preventive action against possible impact which may lead to a	
feed safety based on an accurate scientific method by considering	significant impact on environment and human health, event	
religious, ethic, socio- cultural and esthetic norms.	before conclusive scientific evidences are found with respect to	
	that impact. In this government regulation the precautionary	
	approach shall be implemented as such provided that prior to a PRG is	
	implemented a biosafety assessment and or food safety and or animal feed safety (risk assessment and	
	management) will need to be conducted by using an accurate	
	scientific method by considering social, economic, and ethical	
	factors to guarantee that the risk of using PRG on environment	
	and human health shall be acceptable based on the existing	
	requirement. Consideration in term of religion, ethic, socio	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	culture among others gen transformed into PRG coming from	
	organism and does not violate any certain religious norms,	
	shape or phenotype of PRG animal should equal to its older	
	and be in line with prevailing esthetic.	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
Article 4	Article 4	
Scope of this Government Regulation includes provision on:	Self-explanatory	
a. type and requirement of PRG;		
b. research and development of PRG;		
c. importation of PRG from abroad;		
d. assessment, release and distribution and use of PRG;		
e. supervision and control of PRG;		
f. institution;		
g. finance;		
h. provision on sanction.		
Chapter II		
TYPE AND REQUIREMENT OF PRG		
Section One		
Type of PRG Article 5	Article 5	
Type of PRG includes:	Article 3	
	and including a smill animals and stated field included in OITES	
a. PRG animal, material resulted from PRG animal and its product;	not including: wild animals, protected fish included in CITES	
b. PRG fish, material resulted from PRG fish and its product;	appendix, & wild plants.	
c. PRG plant, material resulted from PRG plant and its product; and		
d. PRG microorganism, material resulted from PRG microorganism		
and its product;		
Section two		
Requirement of PRG		
Article 6	Article 6	

		CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
(1)	PRO	G be it originates from home or abroad, an assessment or test	Paragraph (1)	
	con	ducted for delivery or distribution in Indonesia must be provided	Self-explanatory	
	with	n basic information as guide that the product fulfills requirement of		
	env	ironmental safety, food safety and or animal feed safety		
(2)	The	e basic information as guide to fulfilling requirement of	Paragraph 2	
	env	ironmental safety as referred to in paragraph (1) shall include	Letter a	
	amo	ong others:	Self-explanatory	
	a.	Description and purpose of use;	Letter b	
	b.	Change of genetics and phenotype expected to detect;	Self-explanatory	
	c.	Clear identity on taxonomy, physiology, and reproduction	Letter c	
		of PRG.	Self-explanatory	
	d.	Organism used as source of gen must clearly be stated.	Letter d	
	e.	Genetically engineered method used shall comply with	Gen source shall clearly and completely be stated	
		standard procedure which accuracy shall scientifically be	means that its origin in obtaining organism used as	
		justifiable.	gen source which protection status must also be clear	
	f.	Molecular characteristic of PRG must be clearly stated	(protected or not), including Appendix CITES (I, II	
	g.	Gen expression transformed into PRG must be stable.	and III) or not. Be stated in the appendix CITES, must	
	h.	Applied manner of destruction in case of irregularity.	be in full set of document/certificate in term of its	
			origin.	
			Letter e	
			Self-explanatory	
			Letter f	
			Must clear shall mean the assessment shall comply	

		CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
			with molecular characteristic assessment guide.	
			Letter g	
			Self-explanatory	
			Letter h	
			Self-explanatory	
(3)	Bas	sic information serving as guide to fulfilling requirement of	Paragraph (3)	
	foo	d safety and animal feed safety as referred to in the	Letter a	
	para	agraph (1) shall include among others:	Self-explanatory	
	a.	genetically engineered method used shall comply with	Letter b	
		standard procedure which accuracy shall scientifically be	Substantial equivalence means a condition in which a	
		justifiable;	transgenic product shall substantially be equivalent to	
	b.	PRG nutrient content shall substantially be equivalent to that of non-	non-transgenic product in term of its origin except the	
		PRG.	engineered properties in interest.	
	c.	Hazardous compound, nutrient-resistant and allergic-	Letter c	
		inducing content in the PRG shall substantially be	Hazardous compound content means a compound naturally	
		equivalent to that of non-PRG.	existing in plant such as trypsin inhibitor, lectin, urease in	
	d.	Carbohydrate, protein, dust, fat, fiber, amino acid, fat acid	soybean, which is not soil bacteria toxin Bachillus	
		and vitamin content in the PRG shall substantially be	thuringiensis which may cause a certain species of ant to	
		equivalent to that of non-PRG.	die.	
	e.	Gen-coded protein removed shall not be allergen in nature.	Letter d	
	f.	Way of destruction used in case of irregularities.	Self-explanatory	
			Letter e	
			Self-explanatory	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Letter f Self-explanatory	
Article 7	Article 7	
Provision on details of type of PRG, requirement for environmental safety and requirement for food safety and or animal feed safety shall further be provided by the Minister, competent Minister or competent Head of LPND according to their respective areas.	Basic provision made includes among others the purpose of use of the PRG.	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
CHAPTER III		
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF PRG		
Article 8	Article 8	
Any person conducting research and development of PRG shall prevent	Self-explanatory	
and or eradicate any negative impact on human and environment as a		
result of his activity.		
Article 9	Article 9	
Test of PRG during the process of research and development shall be	Self-explanatory	
conducted in a laboratory, limited test facility and or limited test field.		
Article 10	Article 10	
PRG resulted from a research and development activity as referred to in	Test for efficacy shall be intended to make sure that gene	
the Article 9 before it is proposed for release and or distribution must be	interest transformed into PRG is correctly expressed.	
tested for its efficacy and fulfill biosafety requirement.		
Article 11	Article 11	
(1) Government shall develop role and all components of	Paragraph (1)	
community to conduct research and development in a bid to	Self explanatory	
produce PRG at home.		
(2) In developing the role and the community as referred to in	Paragraph (2)	
paragraph (1), the Government may give appreciation to the	Self-explanatory	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
community who can produce new PRG which is beneficial to		
the interest of the state.		
(3) In the event that the community has yet to be able to play its role in	Paragraph (3)	
conducting research and development of PRG, the Government shall	Self-explanatory	
conduct research and development in a bid to produce PRG.		
Article 12	Article 12	
PRG research and development conducted based on the legislation in the area of national system of research, development and	Self-explanatory	
application of science and technology.		
2. Procedure for implantation of PRG research and development as mentioned in paragraph (1) above shall further be provided by competent Minister or Head of LPND.		
CHAPTER IV		
IMPORTATION OF PRG FROM ABROAD		
Article 13	Article 13	
(1) Any person who imports any PRG of the same type from abroad for	Paragraph (1)	
the first time, shall submit an application to the competent	PRG of the same type means the same genetically	
Minister or Head of LPND	engineered PRG including that of resulted from	
	conventional crossbreeding. The same variety of	
	different PRG result is not classified as the PRG of the	
	same type. The PRG of the same type shall be tested for its biosafety	
	only for its first time importation. Once it meets requirement	
	of biosafety, subsequent importation of PRG for the same	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
		type shall no need be tested for its biosafety. Permit from the	
		Minister shall only be required for the first time importation	
		of PRG.	
		The application as referred to in this paragraph shall	
		also serve as notification from person who desires to	
		import such PRG to the relevant Minister or Chairman	
		of LPND for its biosafety test in a bid to obtain a certificate	
		of biosafety as one of requirement for release and distribution of	
		the relevant PRG.	
(2)	The application for importation of PRG shall, as referred to in	Paragraph (2)	
	the Article 6, be provided with document stating that the	Self-explanatory	
	requirement of environmental safety, food safety, and or animal		
	feed safety has been fulfilled.		
(2)	T III	D 1 (2)	
(3)	In addition to fulfilling the requirement as referred to in the	Paragraph (3)	
	paragraph (2), the importation of PRG from abroad shall also be	Self-explanatory	
	provided with:		
	a. Certificate of free trade stating that the PRG has been in		
	the free trade in its country of origin; and		
	b. assessment document and risk management of a		
	competent authority at which the risk management was		
	once conducted.		
(4)	After receiving application as referred to in the paragraph (1),	Paragraph (4)	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	the competent Minister or the Head of LPND shall then:	In addition to the full set of certificate stating that the PRG	
	a. check for the full set of document and fulfilling of	has been in the free trade in its country of origin and	
	requirement as referred to in the paragraph (2) and	assessment document and risk management, the	
	paragraph (3);	importation of PRG form abroad, other applicable	
	b. within no later than 15 (fifteen) days as of receipt of the	legislation shall also need to be considered.	
	application, notify the applicant on the full set of document and		
	requirement that shall be fulfilled by the applicant in accordance		
	with legislation applicable to importation of PRG.		
(5)	In the event that the document and requirement as referred to in	Paragraph (5)	
	the paragraph (2) and paragraph (3) have been completed, the	Self-explanatory	
	competent Minister or the Head of LPND shall request an		
	environmental safety recommendation with the Minister.		
(6)	The competent Minister or the Head of LPND shall use the	Paragraph (6)	
	biosafety recommendation issued by the Minister of the Head of	■ For variety release, the Competent Minister is	
	KKH as basis for his decision.	Minister of Agriculture;	
		 For fish release: Min of Marine and Fisheries; 	
		For forest trees: Minister of Forestry;	
		■ For processed food release: Head of Food and Drug	
		Control Agency (BPOM)	
(7)	The provision on the requirement and procedure for importation	Paragraph (7)	
	of PRG from abroad shall further be provided by the competent	Basic provision on requirement and procedure for	
	Minister of the Head of LPND.	importation of PRG from abroad issued by the Minister	
		shall inter alia include the compliance with regulation in	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
		the area of quarantine.	
	CHAPTER V		
ASS	ESSMENT, RELEASE AND DISTRIBUTION, AS WELL AS		
	USE OF PRG		
	Section One		
	Assessment Procedure		
	Article 14		
(1)	Assessment of PRG shall be conducted prior to release and		
	distribution		
(2)	Assessment shall be conducted based on a written application	Article 14	
	submitted by the applicant to the competent Minister or the Head		
	of LPND.	Self-explanatory	
(3)	After receiving application as referred to in the paragraph (2), the		
	competent Minister or the Head of LPND shall, within no later than 14		
	days, submit application for recommendation of biosafety to the		
	Minister or Head of KKH.		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 15	Article 15	
(1)	In providing recommendation of biosafety of PRG as referred to	Paragraph (1) Self-explanatory	
	in Article 14 paragraph (3), the Minister, competent Minister or the Head of LPND shall assign KKH to conduct assessment.	Sch-explanatory	
(2)	Maximum period of the assessment as referred to in the paragraph (1) shall be 14 days as of receipt of the letter of assignment.		
(3)	In the event that the assessment relates to technical evaluation,	Paragraph (2) Self-explanatory Paragraph (3)	
	KKH shall, if deemed necessary, assign TTKH to conduct assessment of technical document and advanced test.	Period for conducting advanced test at laboratory, limited test facility (greenhouse, cage, pool) and limited test field shall be based on the type and nature of the PRG being assessed.	
(4)	The period for technical document assessment as referred to in the paragraph (3) shall be conducted no later than 56 days as of receipt of the letter of assignment from KKH.	Paragraph (4) Self-explanatory	
(5)	Result of technical evaluation and assessment of PRG Biosafety conducted by TTKH shall, within no later than 7 days after completion of the technical evaluation and assessment, be delivered to KKH as material for proposing recommendation of PRG biosafety.	Paragraph (5) Self-explanatory	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 16	Article 16	
(1)	The result of the technical evaluation and assessment submitted	Self-explanatory	
	to KKH as referred to in the Article 15 paragraph (5) shall,		
	within no later than 15 (fifteen) days, announce the receipt of the		
	application, process and summarize the result of the assessment at a place accessible to community		
	for 60 days to provide the community with opportunity to give response.		
(2)	Information that can be given as referred to in the paragraph (1)		
	shall exclude information which is commercial in nature relating		
	to the Intellectual Property Right (HKI) and does not relate to		
	biosafety.		
(3)	In the event that during the period of announcement as referred to		
	in the paragraph (1), no community gives response thereto, the		
	community shall be deemed to have no objection to the proposed		
	recommendation from KKH.		
(4)	Upon completion of the period of the announcement as referred		
	to in the paragraph (1), BKKH shall, within no later than 7 days,		
	submit report on community response to KKH.		
(5)	KKH shall, within no later than 14 days as of receipt of the report		
	from BKKH, submit the proposed recommendation of		
	environmental safety and or animal feed safety to the competent		
	Minister or Chairman of LPND.		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 17	Article 17	
(1)	In serving PRG Biosafety recommendation to the competent Minister or competent Head of LPND, the Minister or Head of KKH shall take notice of the recommendation proposed by KKH and input from the community. In the event that the said PRG is a commodity to be released to environment, the Minister shall, within no later than 14 days as of receipt of the proposed recommendation from KKH, serve the environmental safety recommendation to the competent Minister or the competent Head of LPND.	Self-explanatory	
	Article 18	Article 18	
(1)	The written application as referred to in the Article 14 paragraph (2) shall be provided with document as referred to in Article 6 paragraph (2) and paragraph (3).	Self-explanatory	
(2)	Checking of document as referred to in the paragraph (1) shall be conducted for: a. administrative completeness; b. substantive information; c. additional information on species to be tested, such as: i. specific purpose of the test and location, habitat and ecology;		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
(1)	ii. explanation on PRG genetics, experiment procedure, monitoring, data and genetic stability; and d. applicant identity including deed of establishment/legality and taxpayer reference number (NPWP). Article 19 The applicant shall conduct environmental safety test conducted at laboratory, limited test facility and or limited test field for the PRG which application is submitted for release and or distribution to the environment for the first time.	Article 19 Paragraph (1) Test in laboratory, limited test facility and or limited test field shall be conducted if the information in the document served by the applicant fails to convince KKH to make a conclusion to grant a recommendation on environmental safety and or food safety and or animal feed safety of PRG.	
(2)	The applicant shall conduct food safety test at laboratory for PRG which application is submitted for the first time distribution.	Paragraph (2) Self-explanatory	
(3)	The applicant shall conduct animal feed safety test at laboratory, limited test facility, and or limited test field for PRG which application is submitted for first time distribution.	Paragraph (3) Self-explanatory	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 20	Article 20	
	Biosafety test as referred to in the Article 19 shall be conducted by a competent institute. The institute as referred to in the paragraph (1) shall fulfill the following requirement: a. having a human resources capable of conducting test for environmental safety, food safety and or animal feed safety of PRG; and b. having access to accredited laboratory and limited test	Paragraph (1) Competent agency means inter alia University, Research Agency having sufficient facility and capability. Paragraph (2) Self-explanatory	
	facility.		
(3)	Laboratory and limited test facility as referred to in the paragraph (2) point b shall: a. have sufficient facility and equipment; b. use an acceptable and safe test method for environmental safety, food safety and or animal feed safety of PRG in accordance with biosafety test guide; and c. ensure the correctness of the test result.	Paragraph (3) Limited test facility means facility which has fulfilled the minimum requirement for conducting biosafety test.	
(4)	Biosafety test guide as referred to in the paragraph (3) point b shall further be provided by the Minister, competent Minister or competent Head of LPND according to their main duties and functions.	Paragraph (4) Self-explanatory	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 21	Article 21	
(1)	KKH shall assign BKKH to publicize the summary of the result of PRG assessment conducted by TTKH through mass media both printed and electronic in addition to official news by KKH for 60 days as of receipt of the technical assessment from TTKH.	Paragraph (1) The publication is intended to let the community know about the application for release and distribution of PRG. With such a publication, the community can get opportunity to give its response in writing to KKH. Publication shall be carried out by inserting it in any publication media provided by KKH or through BKKH that is easily made available to the community.	
(2)	During the publication period as referred to in the paragraph (1), community shall have opportunity to give its response in writing to KKH.	Paragraph (2) Self-explanatory	
(3)	Response from the community as referred to in the paragrph (2) served to KKH beyond the period as referred to in the paragraph (1) shall not be accepted as material for consideration.	Paragraph (3) Self-explanatory	
(4)	Based on the result of TTKH's assessment and input from the community, KKH shall propose its recommendation on: a. safety condition of PRG environment to the Minister; b. safety condition of PRG food and or animal feed to the competent Minister and or competent Head of LPND.	Paragraph (4) Self-explanatory	
(5)	PRG which passed assessment test shall be provided with a	Paragraph (5)	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	certificate of test result of environmental safety, food safety, and	As of the assessment period, response and input from	
	or animal feed safety by KKH and be served to the Minister	the community has expired, KKH shall serve to the	
	along with the proposed recommendation as referred to in the	Minister, the material for biosafety recommendation.	
	paragraph (4).		
		P 1 (0)	
(6)	In case of failure in the assessment test, KKH shall serve to the	Paragraph (6)	
	Minister, the proposed recommendation of such a failure along	Self-explanatory	
	with the reason thereof.		
		Article 22	
		Basic rules on the procedure of PRG safety test includes,	
		among others, procedure on application for test of biosafety	
		and or food safety and or animal feed safety of PRG, procedure	
		for conducting the test, making of recommendation, and period of	
		assessment.	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 22	Article 23	
(1)	Based on the proposed recommendation on the environmental safety, food safety and or animal feed safety as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (4): a. The Minister shall submit recommendation on environmental safety to the competent Minister or competent Head of LPND, provided with certificate of	Self-explanatory	
(2)	environmental safety; b. KKH shall submit the recommendation of food safety and or PRG food safety to the competent Minister or competent Head of LPND, provided with certificate of food safety and or animal feed safety of PRG; Competent Minister or Competent Head of LPND shall use the certificate and recommendation mentioned in the paragraph (1) as basis for consideration for the issuance of Decree on the Release and or Distribution of the said PRG, in accordance with applicable legislations.		

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
Section Two		
Release and Distribution of PRG		
Article 23	Article 24	
For PRG which has already received its recommendation of biosafety,	The decision for release and or distribution of PRG shall comply	
the decision for its release and or distribution shall be implemented in	with legislations on respective commodities. For PRG plants, the	
accordance with the prevailing legislations.	provision shall be Law No 12 of 1992 on Plant Cultivation System.	
Part Three		
Use of PRG		
Article 24	Article 25	
The PRG as referred to in the Article 5 and has already been released as	Beside it's used for making food, animal feed, and industrial	
referred to in the Article 23 may be used for different needs in various	raw materials, PRG shall specifically be used for, among	
areas in accordance with their respective license of use.	others:	
	a. Animal PRG: as a hobby, sports, controlling of organism	
	disturbing plants, media of science and technology, and as	
	medicinal raw material; b. Fish PRG; as a hobby, sports,	
	media of science and technology, crafts, and as ornament; c.	
	PRG microorganism: as biological fertilizer, bio-remediation,	
	biological pesticide, biological herbicide, pro-biotic, examination	
	material for serology and animal biological activity, to produce	
	antigen, antiserum, vaccine, and to process the production of	
	bioactive organic compounds, and fine organic compounds; d.	
	PRG plants: as biological fertilizer and bioremediation,	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	ornamental plants, medicinal raw, and as the biological	
	pesticide material.	
CHAPTER VI		
SUPERVISION AND CONTROL OF PRG		
Article 25	Article 26	
The Minister, the competent Minister or the competent Head of LPND	Supervision and control by the competent Minister or competent	
shall conduct supervision and control of the PRG on distribution and is	Head of LPND includes, among others, determination of personnel	
used within the territory of Republic of in accordance with applicable	and or agency conducting the control, and the procedure of	
legislation.	controlling and reporting in accordance with the applicable	
	legislations in the relevant commodity area.	
Article 26	Article 27	
(1) The Minister, the competent Minister or the competent Head of	Self-explanatory	
LPND shall decide a guide to monitoring the impact and risk		
management of distributed PRG on the environment, while		
considering the input from KKH.		
(2) Monitoring as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be conducted by		
the Minsister, competent Minister or competent Head of LPND		
in accordance with the applicable legislations.		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 27	Article 28	
(1)	Any person who produces, imports from abroad and or distribute PRG which appears to create negative impact on the environment, human health and or animal health, shall report the accident to the Minister, competent Minister and or competent Head of LPND.	Paragraph (1) Self-explanatory	
(2)	Any consumer or community knowing the release, distribution	Paragraph (2)	
	and or use of PRG, which appears to create negative impact on environment, human health and or animal health may report the case to the Minister, competent Minister and or competent Head of LPND.	Self-explanatory	
(3)	The Minister, competent Minister and or competent Head of	Paragraph (3)	
	LPND, after receiving the report as referred to in the paragraph	Self-explanatory	
	(10) and paragraph (2) shall assign KKH to conduct inspection and prove the correctness of the report.		
(4)	If the inspection result shows that the PRG so reported has caused	Paragraph (4)	
	negative impact on environment, human health and or animal	Self-explanatory	
	health then:		
	 The Minister shall suggest the competent Minister or competent Head of LPND to revoke the decision of release or distribution of the PRG. 		
	b. The competent Minister or the competent Head of LPND shall		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	then revoke the decision of release and distribution of PRG.		
(5) If	he released PRG is found to create negative impact on environment, human	Paragraph (5)	
	health and or animal health then the responsible person shall conduct	Responsible person for activity shall mean anybody who	
	control as well as prevention and withdrawal of the related PRG from	produces, imports and or distributes PRG;	
	distribution.		
(6)	Further regulation on PRG withdrawal shall be provided by the	Paragraph (6)	
	competent Minister or competent head of LPND, based on input	Self-explanatory	
	from KKH;		
(7)	The reporting procedure as referred to in the paragraph 1 and	Paragraph (7)	
	paragraph 2 shall be in accordance with the applicable	Self-explanatory	
	Legislations.		
	CHAPTER VII		
	INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK		
	Section One		
Bios	safety of Genetically Engineered Product Commission (KKH)		
	Article 28	Article 29	
KKH	shall assist the Minister, competent Minister and competent Head	Self-explanatory	
	ND in giving recommendation about biosafety and in conducting	Sen-explanatory	
	ol over importation and use of PRG, as well as inspection and proof		
	correctness of the report about negative impact as mentioned in		
article	21, Article 26, and Article 27.		

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	Article 29	Article 31	
(1)	Position, membership composition, main duties and function as well as authority of KKH shall be determined further through	Self-explanatory	
	Presidential Regulation at the proposal of the Minister.		
(2)	The Minister proposal as referred to in the paragraph 1 shall be made by taking note of suggestion and consideration of the competent Minister and/or competent Head of LPND.		
	Article 30	Article 30	
(1)	Before an implemental regulation of this Government Regulation is provided, the Minister, Competent Minister or the competent Head of LPND shall, according to their respective areas, take note of suggestion and consideration of the KKH.	Self-explanatory	
	CECTION TWO		
	SECTION TWO Biosafety Clearing House (BKKH)		
	Article 31	Article 31	
(1)	BKKH is the part of KKH in managing and providing information to the public.	Self-explanatory	
(2)	BKKH shall have the following duties:	Paragraph (2)	
	a. managing and providing information to public on the	Self-explanatory	

	CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	procedure, application acceptance, process and summary of		
	assessment result;		
	b. receiving input from the community and presenting result of		
	assessment of the input.		
	c. submitting information on formulation of recommendation to		
	be submitted to the Minister, competent Minister or		
	competent Head of LPND; and		
	d. presenting to public the information about Decree of the		
	Minister, competent Minister or competent Head of LPND		
	about the assessed application.		
	Section Three		
	Biosafety Technical Team (TTKH)		
	Article 32	Article 32	
		Self-explanatory	
(1)	TTKH shall assist KKH in conducting technical assessment on		
(2)	biosafety; Further regulation on the position, membership composition, main		
(2)			
	duties and function as well as authority of TTKH shall be determined		
	by Head of KKH after taking into account the suggestion and		
	consideration from the Minister, competent Minister and competent		
	Head of LPND;		
(3)	Membership of TTKH as referred to in the paragraph (2) shall		
	comprise a number of expertise from the various scientific	Paragraph (3)	
	disciplines related to PRG.	Membership of TTK consists of the expert because TTK	
		handles technical assessment which is scientific in nature	

CONTENT	EXPLANATION	REMARKS
	which can only be handled by experts in their respective	
	areas.	
CHAPTER VIII	Article 33	
COST		
Article 33	Paragraph (1) Self-explanatory	
All costs needed to implement this government regulation shall be		
determined based on the legislations applicable in the area of the state		
finance.		

Issued in: Jakarta	SUPPLEMENT TO STATE GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC	
On : 19 May 2005	OF INDONESIA OF 2004 NUMBER	
THE PRESIDENT OF THE		
REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA		
Signed by		
Dr. H. SUSILO BAMBANG YUDHOYONO		
Enacted in Jakarta		
on 19 May 2005		
Minister Of Law and Human Rights of		
the Republic of Indonesia		
Signed by		
HAMID AWALUDDIN		
STATE GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA OF 2005		
NO 44 Tahun 2005		